Mr. Merchant, why not place an announcement in the Gazette and invite the newcomers to Alexandria to visit your store and inspect your goods?

Alexandria Gazette

Library of Congress.

THE WEATHER

For this section—Cloudy, unsettled tonight and tomorrow, probably without rain.

VOL. CXXXIV—No. 88. ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1918. PRICE ONE CENT

ALEXANDRIANS ARE BUYING LIBERTY BONDS IN SPITE OF THE COLD WINTRY WEATHER

The Four Banks in the City Have Sold $68,250 Worth Up to Noon Today.

Effort Being Made to Boost Subscriptions Up to $100,000 by Tomorrow Night—Committee Meeting to Be Held This Evening.

LIBERTY LOAN MEETING TOMORROW NIGHT.

John Temple Graves Will Speak.

Hon. John Temple Graves will be the main speaker at Alexandria's first big Liberty Loan meeting tomorrow night at the Opera House. The meeting will begin promptly at 8 o'clock. Mr. Graves, who lives in Washington, yesterday definitely accepted Chairman Harlow's invitation to make the address here. Mr. Graves has long been a noted after-dinner speaker and orator, and since the war has made speaking tours to all parts of the country at the solicitation of the government.

This is Alexandria's first opportunity in this campaign to show its patriotism in a demonstrative way. It's a fine idea to get out to a big meeting once in a while and give vent to our feelings by vigorous support of enthusiastic speakers.

In addition to Mr. Graves there will be on the program George E. Pearson, a survivor of the famous "Princess Pat" regiment, and Miss Katharine Synon, a noted woman speaker and publicist.

Special invitations have gone out to Colonel Parks and officers and soldiers at Camp Humphreys, Honorable C. C. Carlin, city officials, the ladies of the Red Cross, and many others.

There will be no reserved seats. Just come early and choose your own seats.

Let every one interested in seeing Alexandria make a big success in the Liberty Loan drive be on hand tomorrow night. If you can't buy bonds in this campaign, you can do the next best thing—give your moral support to the government and to the boys in the trenches.

The actual Liberty Bond sales up to this morning by the four local banks were $68,250. This is an increase of about $27,000 over the total of yesterday and shows that Alexandrians are buying bonds in spite of the bad weather.

The allotment for the city is $289,900. This total has been one-fourth subscribed. When the campaign gets under way, the allotment should be reached in jig time.

The allotment for Alexandria county is $20,000. This is due to the fact that there is only one bank in the county and the allotment is based on banking resources. The Arlington Trust Company reports that about $4,500 has been subscribed at the bank. County Chairman E. W. Ball and his committee expects the county to more than double its allotment.

The committee wants to see the local subscriptions go to the $100,000 mark by tomorrow night so that the total can be announced at the beginning of the big meeting at the Opera House.

The executive committee of the Liberty Loan Committee for the city will meet tonight at the Chamber of Commerce to decide upon final plans for the campaign. The members of the committee are Leo P. Harlow, chairman; R. L. Payne, vice chairman; Carroll Pierce, Harry Hammond, Gardner L. Boothe, George E. Warfield, William B. Smoot, Robert S. Jones, A. D. Brocket, William A. Smoot, Leopold Ruben, E. B. Hard, C. S. T. Burke, Judge C. E. Nicol, John T. Harrison, George D. Hopkins, J. L. Perry, R. B. Wallace and J. Y. Williams, secretary.

Members of this committee are urged to be present tonight as the meeting is exceedingly important.

The Alexandria county Liberty Loan Committee met Wednesday night at the Court House and completed organization. The county organization under the direction of E. W. Ball is making plans for a house-to-house canvass of the county. The committees for the three districts of the county have been appointed. The chairmen were later elected by the committees: G. Samuel Warner is chairman of the Washington district; Harry K. Green of the Arlington district, and Frank G. Campbell of the Jefferson district.

Card Party.

St. Mary's Alumnae Association will hold a card party in the Assembly Hall of the Academy at 8 o'clock this evening. Proceeds to be used in buying a Liberty Bond. The young ladies expect to meet all their friends there this evening. Admission fee is 25 cents. 88-1t

"The Blue Bird" is the symbol of Happiness. See it at the Richmond tomorrow.

WINTER IN MID-APRIL.

Rain, Hail and Snow Visited This Section Yesterday Afternoon and During Last Night.

Old Sol hid his face last Monday afternoon and is still in hiding. Rain began to fall at the close of the day and by Tuesday night a veritable tempest was raging. Wednesday night showed no improvement. The wind, which was coming from the northeast in dangerous flaws, was still in evidence. Yesterday Aeolus was not delivering the heavy blows of the previous night, but he was still sending chilling blasts from the northeast. Fragments of angry clouds chased each other toward the southwest all day, and there were no signs of an approaching clear-up.

Late yesterday afternoon snow began to fall, followed at times by hail, and this morning several inches of snow were on the streets. Much of it had melted, and the thoroughfares were partly flooded. A ray of hope for better conditions, however, was furnished by a change in the wind. The vanes were pointing toward the northwest—the clearing up quarter—although the sun was still inisible, as it has been during the day.

The weather, though unseasonable, is not phenomenal, as in past years similar conditions have prevailed during the first part of April. There were snows and heavy northwest winds during the early part of last April. Fifty years ago even more severe conditions than those we are passing through existed.

The following clipping from the file of a Richmond paper of half a century ago will show this:

"Ice was formed on the ponds around Richmond a quarter of an inch thick night before last. It is generally believed all the fruit in this section has been killed."

Appointed Chairman of the Second Red Cross War Drive.

Mr. John Poole, president of the Federal National Bank and chairman of the Third Liberty Loan Committee for the District of Columbia, has been appointed by the National War Council as chairman of the second Red Cross war drive for the Potomac division of the American Red Cross.

This division comprises the District of Columbia and the states of Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia. The aum to be raised in the division is $3,300,000.

"The Blue Bird" is the symbol of Happiness. See it at the Richmond tomorrow.

If you can't shoot a gun you can help fight by buying Liberty Bonds.

"The Blue Bird" is the symbol of Happiness. See it at the Richmond tomorrow.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

The body of Simeon Denty was brought to this city yesterday and buried in Ivy Hill cemetery. He died at his home in Lorton, Fairfax county, on Tuesday.

An alarm of fire called the department to Col. Ficklin's home, corner of Duke and Columbus streets, this morning at half-past 11 o'clock where the chimney was found to be burning out.

The number of special policemen for this city will be increased from thirty to one hundred, if a resolution is passed which it is said will be introduced in the city council at its meeting to be held next week.

The attention of every member of the executive committee of the Alexandria Chapter of the Red Cross is callled to the fact that there will be a meeting of that committee on Thursday evening next, April 16th, at 8 o'clock in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce.

The funeral of the late Raymond Devers, who died Tuesday morning in St. Agnes' Hospital, near Baltimore, from the effects of injuries received in an automobile accident, was held at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon from the family residence 1022 Queen street. The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Eugene B. Jackson, of the First Baptist Church, and interment was in Bethel cemetery. The pallbearers were six letter carriers from the city postoffice, former associates of the deceased, who was at one time a letter carrier.

Members of the Liberty Loan committee are much elated over securing the Hon. John Temple Graves, editor of the New York American, and famous orator, for the big Liberty Loan meeting tomorrow night at the opera house. Mr. Graves is more in demand for after dinner addresses and set speeches in big meetings than any man in Washington outside of the President and prominent government officials. He is a native of the South, having been born in South Carolina, but spent much of his life before coming to Washington and New York as editor of the New York American in the state of Georgia. He was also the editor of the Atlanta Georgian for many years. He has been classed throughout the South with Henry W. Grady as an orator and leader of progressive and patriotic sentiment. A great audience should be out tomorrow night to hear the distinguished Southerner and also the famous Canadian soldier, and author, George E. Pearson, and the noted woman speaker, Miss Katherine Synon.

ENDS LIFE OVER COFFIN.

Young Man Shoots Himself as He Gazes at Dead Stepmother.

Chicago, April 12.—Leaning over the coffin containing the body of his stepmother, as if for a last look, Albert Bach, 26 years old, son of a North Side Brick Manufacturer, shot himself in the heart while in the family residence. He died at 3 o'clock yesterday morning in Ravenswood Hospital. Grief for the death of his stepmother, who died suddenly last Saturday while automobile riding, is believed to have unbalanced the young man. At the moment of the shooting William F. Bach, the young man's father, was sitting near the casket with another son and a married daughter.

"My boy was deeply devoted to his stepmother," said Bach. "We can offer no other reason for his suicide." The theory that his son was worrying about the draft, as he was awaiting call, was scouted by the parent.

Eight years ago another son, Adolph Bach, 22 years old, and his sweetheart, Miss Millie Valentine, ended their lives in the north branch of the river near Montrose avenue. They wanted to get married, but the Bachs were opposed to the match. They disappeared simultaneously, and later a note and their clothes were found on the wharf. That was in the fall. The next spring the bodies were found.

House Wiring and Electrical Repairing.

When you have electrical work of any kind to be done call William Matthews, 314 North Henry street, Alexandria. Phone 235-J. All work done in workmanlike manner. Satisfaction guaranteed. Low prices. 86-4t

"The Blue Bird" is the symbol of Happiness. See it at the Richmond tomorrow.

Mrs. J. H. Mansfield has been elected to represent Samarian Rebekah lodge of this city at the Assembly to be held in Lynchburg in May.

One minor case was disposed of in the Corporation Court today. Judge Barley has reappointed Robinson Moncure, E. E. Lawler and Clinton N. Ballenger the board of tax review.

The body of Mrs. Laura M. Shaw, wife of John A. Shaw, who died at the Alexandria hospital yesterday morning, was sent to Wheeling, West Virginia, last night for burial. Mr. and Mrs. Shaw and their two children came to Alexandria about five weeks ago from Pittsburgh, Pa.

The board of lady managers of the Alexandria Hospital announce that the young ladies of the High School will repeat the play "The Elopement of Ellen" recently presented in the High School auditorium for the benefit of the hospital. The place and date will be announced as soon as definite arrangements are made.

Nothing further has been learned by the Alexandria police authorities in regard to the identity of the man who was found dead in his room at Hotel Belvoir in this city Thursday morning. Chief Goods has received no reply from an inquiry sent to Gettysburg, Pa. An effort was made to get some trace of the man there owing to the fact that a tag was found on his coat, evidently placed there by a tailor, which bore the name "Dr. Morality," and was also marked "Brehm, Tailor." The deceased wore a dark overcoat and derby hat, and is thought to have been at least sixty years of age. His body was removed to Wheatley's mortuary parlors where it remains awaiting identification.

The Herbert Springs branch of the Red Cross gave a dance last night at Fort Hunt and notwithstanding the inclement weather there were about one hundred present. Among those from Alexandria who attended were Mr. and Mrs. George H. Schwarzmann, Mrs. James W. Bales, Miss Cora Duffey, Miss Esther Heishley, Mrs. Tarbell, Miss Hattie Douglas, Miss Eliza Douglas, Miss Nellie Uhler, Miss Pearl Schwarzmann and Miss Lillian Schwarzmann. This organization plans to give a dance at the fort once a month for the benefit of Red Cross work and also for the entertainment of the soldiers stationed at that post. The affair last night was quite a success and it is hoped that as the weather improves the attendance will be larger.

Deaths of Babies In Roanoke.

Health Officer W. Brownley Foster, of Roanoke, reports that of the 1,200 babies born in that city in 1917, 134 have died. The Virginia and American average of deaths among babies the first year is 10 per cent. Improved methods of caring for infants in New Zealand has reduced infant mortality there to 5 per cent. Evidently America can learn a valuable lesson here from the Antipodes.

Saving Eggs Used For Shampoo.

Texas barbers, who through their organization, have been co-operating with the Federal Food Administrator in that State announce that they will abolish egg shampoos for the period of the war as a conservation measure, many thousands of eggs used for this purpose yearly being diverted from human food. Another food article widely used for shampoo purposes in normal times is olive oil.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to express thanks and appreciation to relatives, letter carriers, postoffice employes and friends for their kind expressions of sympathy and the many beautiful floral tributes at the death of my beloved husband, Raymond A. Devers.

By his Wife.
88-1t

Auction Sale of Valuable House and Lot.

At the request of the owner, I will offer for sale on Saturday, April 13, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, in front of the Royal street entrance to the Market House, a two-story brick house, with lot 20 by 80 feet, at 212 King street, in Alexandria, suitable for business, dwelling or flats. Purchaser to pay $200 on day of sale and the balance within ten days.

84-6t SAMUEL H. LUNT.

A box party was given last night at the home of Miss Thelma Walker, 1001 Gibbon street, for the benefit of the Second Presbyterian Sunday school.

A called meeting of the Parish Aid Society of Christ Church will be held at 8 o'clock this evening to meet the members of the vestry and discuss matters of importance to the church.

Sarah E. Frazier, wife of Ernest Frazier, a respected colored resident, died last night at 11:10 o'clock, at her home 622 South Washington street, after a very short illness.

The funeral of Mrs. America Keys, who died at her home at Lincolnia, Fairfax county, on Wednesday, was held at Demaine's chapel in this city this afternoon at one o'clock. She was 72 years old.

It is expected that a resolution will be introduced in the city council at its next meeting asking for an appropriation of at least $500 with which to provide one or more public comfort stations at convenient places in the city.

The Jefferson Branch of the American Red Cross, of Del Ray, will give a benefit dance tomorrow evening, in the auditorium of the Elks' Home in Prince street. The committee in charge of the arrangements is composed of Mrs. Alvin Pennypacker, chairman, Miss Maida Foster, Miss Edith Garrett and Miss Camile De Lain. These ladies have made every effort to insure the success of the affair and hope to have a large crowd in attendance.

As Miss Lindsey, the chairman of the women's division of the Third Liberty Loan, is a member of the Cameron Club and as all Virginia clubwomen are deeply interested in promoting this patriotic movement, a four minute talk will be given by one of the prominent speakers of the local committee at the meeting to be held at Christ Church Parish Hall tomorrow afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. Kenneth Clarke and his stirring son, cannot but serve as an inspiration to further effort of patriotism. The Cameron Club is fortunate in embracing this opportunity of combining patriotism with pleasure and a cordial invitation is extended to all citizens to be present. A silver offering will be taken for the school nurse fund. In preserving the health of our children the trained nurse is a most necessary factor to the nation in this time of war.

Travelers' Protective Association.

The regular annual meeting of Post F, of the Travellers Protective Association, was held last night in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce. Julian Y. Williams, the president, was in the chair. The annual election of officers resulted as follows: president, J. William May; 1st vice pres., Robert L. Payne; 2nd vice president, O. H. Kirk; 3rd vice president, Harry Hammond; 4th vice president, Samuel W. Pitts; 5th vice president, Wallace N. Lindsey; secretary, and treasurer, John H. Trimyer. The chairman of committees are: railroad, Albert D. Brockett; press, Robert E. Knight; hotel, Alfred Thomson; legislature, Julian Y. Williams; employment, V. Ward Boswell; good roads and public utilities, Harry D. Kirk; membership, Harvey Henshaw; chaplain, the Rev. Dr. John Lee Allison. The board of directors is composed of J. William May, H. D. Kirk, Charles T. Nicholson, Julian Y. Williams, John H. Trimyer, and Kenneth W. Ogden. Delegates to the state convention to be held in Richmond on May 4th, are Julian Y. Williams, Harry D. Kirk, H. R. Thomas, D. C. Richardson, Charles T. Nicholson, Robert L. Payne, M. E. Greene, Richard Gibson, Harvey Henshaw, Albert D. Brockett, Mark Price and W. W. Ballenger. The alternates are A. C. Moss, O. H. Kirk, Edgar Warfield, Jr., T. A. Sommers, H. Noel Garner, Wallace N. Lindsey, Robert E. Knight, Clyde C. Lamond, Kenneth W. Ogden, L. F. Dyson, W. G. Leadbeater, and L. L. Armistead. It was decided that hereafter the second Saturday of each month will be the regular meeting night.

If you don't come across the kaiser will. Stop him with a Liberty Bond.

"The Blue Bird" is the symbol of Happiness. See it at the Richmond tomorrow.

WILL IT MEAN A BREAK

Selection of Food Administrator for State of Virginia Causes Stir Among Political Leaders.

Washington, April 12.—A big muddle, in which a clash between Gov. Westmoreland Davis and a majority of the Virginia Congressional delegation was narrowly averted, has been stirred up over the selection of a State Food Administrator for that commonwealth to succeed Col. E. B. White, who has resigned to run for Congress against Representative Charles C. Carlin in the Eighth District.

A break involving, among other things, a question as to who should be consulted in Washington regarding Federal patronage problems was prevented yesterday by the action of W. McDonald Lee, former State fisheries commissioner, in withdrawing his name for the appointment. Mr Lee was asked by the Senators to accept the appointment after the Food Administration officials had invited them to recommend a man for the post. The former fisheries commissioner came to Washington, agreed to take the place, provided he would not be compelled to give up his private business affairs, and it was generally conceded that he would be named.

Mr. Lee learned late Wednesday that Herbert Hoover has received a number of telegrams protesting against his appointment. Governor Davis also wrote Mr. Hoover urging the appointment of S. L. Lupton, of Frederick county, and opposing the selection of Mr. Lee. Yesterday it became evident that there was going to be a fight, in which Senators Martin and Swanson and Representatives Flood, Holland, Saunders, Carlin, Harrison and Watson would be arrayed against Governor Davis, and Mr. Lee promptly went to Senator Martin and requested him to withdraw his name. He said he would not enter into an unseeming scramble for the place, that he had been asked to take the appointment and that he had never sought it. The position, he added, is one where its occupant is called upon to serve his country in the present crisis and he did not wish to be placed in the position of being compelled to engage in a scramble for the privilege of "doing his bit." Senator Martin told Mr. Lee that he was willing to go down the line for him, but the latter demurred.

Governor Davis at first recommended three men to Hoover for the state administrator appointment, any one of whom, he said, would make a good man for the post. These men were Egbert Leigh, of Richmond; Thomas C. Winston, of Richmond, and S. L. Lupton, of Frederick. Mr. Leigh could not accept the appointment on account of his health. Mr. Winston was barred from taking it because his firm was given a $3,500,000 contract by the War Department. Governor Davis then backed Mr. Lupton and wrote a supplementary letter urging his selection after Messrs. Leigh and Winston had withdrawn.

Governor Davis' friends also intimated that he had been treated with discourtesy by the Food Administration by its officials going to Congressional delegation and asking it to recommend a man after he had submitted his recommendations.

The Federal Food Administration has not decided whom it will name.

AIRMAN BREAKS HIS NECK.

150-Foot Fall Fatal to Mechanic, but Partner is Unhurt.

Lake Charles, La., April 12.—Mechanic Grovenor, of Indiana, was killed at Gerstner aviation field yesterday in a 150-foot fall. His flying partner escaped injury. Grovener's neck was broken. The scene of the accident was about fifteen miles from this city.

Buy Liberty Bonds.

This is Spring, which is the beginning of life and happiness. Let's spring a surprise on the kaiser, who is the **mortal enemy of life and happiness**, by oversubscribing the Third Liberty Bond issue

No American has a right to interfere with production or the destination of products from this country. The resources of the country belong to Liberty. Liberty has the first call upon the manhood and womanhood of the nation, and upon all the products that are needed to STRIKE DOWN and ANNIHILATE the ENEMY.

Buy Liberty Bonds, Thrift Stamps, War Savings Stamps.

84-6t S. C. Cropley.

HINDENBURG WOUNDED

German Commander-in-Chief Struck by Fragment of Shell Dropped by Allied Aviator.

Zurich, April 12.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, chief of staff of the German army, was wounded while on the western front and now is under treatment in a private hospital, according to information from Strassburg today.

It was said that the field marshal was struck by a fragment of a bomb dropped by an allied aviator.

All of the "war lords" of Germany, including the kaiser himself, went to the western front when the big Picardy drive began.

The battle in Flanders, which is continuing along a twenty-mile front, is expected hourly to spread northward to Ypres and southward toward the Picardy battle front.

On the Flanders front, as in Picardy, the British center has given way, while the wings are holding. The hinges on which the British retirement swung in Picardy were Arras and the Oise, south of Lafere. The hinges of the Flanders retirement are Hollebeke and Labassee.

A stretch of fifteen miles between Labassee and Arras separates these two fronts. In this comparatively quiet sector is Vimy ridge, made famous by the Canadians.

This height, which lies directly north of Arras, is firmly held by the British, and its possession is generally credited with retarding the enemy drive in Picardy. From here Haig threatens Hindenburg's attenuated lines of communication on the northern portion of the Picardy front.

Official comment today on the reported landing of American troops at Vladivostok was that "the situation is loaded with dynamite."

Both the State and Navy Departments anticipated that they would be advised before night.

It has been known for some time—though confidentially — that the United States was represented in the squadron lying off the Siberian port, but officials suggested Americans would not land there unless American lives, as well as property, were endangered.

It is anticipated that the reported American action will be seized upon by Lenine and his pro-German agents to inflame the Russian people. This will be offset, however, by an American statement as to necessity for the action, for protection of our nationals in Siberia. Anarchy has been rife at Vladivostok, and it is assumed that Americans would join the Japanese and British only in case of extreme necessity.

FINED FIVE DOLLARS.

Belgian Ship Carpenter Arraigned on the Charge of Being Drunk and Disorderly.

The only case before the Police Court this morning was that of a "drunk." The accused is a ship carpenter, a Belgian by birth, and it was alleged he went on the warpath at his boarding house last night when the liquor he drank took effect. His landlady had to 'phone for the police. He gave his name at the station house as Alfred Elemant.

Upon being arraigned this morning and asked to tell the court where he procured his whisky, he said he bought a bottle from a boy. He said he could not identify him. Elemant was fined $5, which he paid.

There is every reason for believing that a number of "bootleggers" are in business in Alexandria, but they manage to avoid the policemen.

Mme. Petrova Tonight.

Mme. Petrova will be seen tonight at the Richmond in the second picture from her own studios. "The Light Within" is a strong domestic drama in which Laurel Durand (Mme. Petrova) has to make two momentous decisions: she has to choose between saving her own son's life or those of many other children and later, between either her husband (whom she does not love) and the man she really loves when it is in her power to save one but not both.

The cast includes Thomas Holding who played opposite Mme. Petrova in "Daughter of Destiny," recently shown at the Richmond.

"The Blue Bird" is the symbol of Happiness. See it at the Richmond tomorrow.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON Except Sunday.

The Alexandria Gazette Corporation, 317 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

EDWARD W. SMITH, President and Treasurer.

WILLIAM A. SMOOT, Vice President
EDWIN B. HARD, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia as second class matter.

FIGHT IT OUT TO THE END.

These are the days that truly try men's souls. Since March 21 we have been thoroughly awaken for the first time to the magnitude of the work we have undertaken. Most of us had failed up to this time to realize the situation fully.

A cotemporary observes that it is not altogether surprising, since many whose much closer to the scene than ourselves had evidently not appreciated the military power which Germany could still exert and the possibilities of her carefully prepared onset.

It would be idle to deny that we have been surprised at the military showing which Germany has made in these three weeks. She has more than recovered in this time all the territory which it took the allies two years to gain. She has done this at an awful cost, but she seems still to have enough men left to keep up her mammoth offensive. We have been expecting her to wear herself out for a week past, as we expected her for a year past to collapse from internal exhaustion or revolution. But she still presses on.

At any moment, we are all hoping and saying to ourselves, the tide may turn and General Foch may strike the blow that will send the Hindenburg host maimed and limping in retreat toward Berlin. But let us not count confidently on that. Let us not let delusive optimism mislead us again. Foch may send the Prussians reeling back again, as he did twice before, but that should not be made the basis for our calculations or activities. The thing for us to grasp now is that this is our job, and that we cannot do it by proxy but must do it ourselves. If Foch beats the Kaiser, all the more glory and honor to him. But if Foch cannot beat him we can, and we will. That is not brag or foolish optimism. It is merely the determination to conquer—a will power that matches our man power and our dollar power.

In Paris men's hearts are not sinking or failing them for fear. After nearly four years of such a trial as few people have ever experienced the French soul is unshaken and unafraid. The American soul is just beginning to fight, and it will fight on till Germany is beaten.

The fighting spirit of the French and British has waxed fiercer with every day of conflict. And that spirit and a similar spirit here is the thing against which Prussianism will hurl itself in vain.

FRIGHTFUL COST OF WAR.

War's cost is revealed in all its frightfulness by figures which tell of sacrifice of human life already made by France and Great Britain. The figures are staggering in their immensity, and a measure of consolation can be found only in the knowledge that they were necessary to the salvation of civilization threatened with extinction in the grasp of a blood-mad Hun, and in the further knowledge that losses equally tragic have been wrought upon the aggressors.

On the field of battle France has sacrificed 1,200,000 of her sons who have been killed outright or fatally wounded, while the army of her maimed and invalided marshals a million more.

In the years of the war 4,000,000 men have been taken from the field of production. Withal, France has not been bled white. She still covers her bleeding heart with a smile of grim determination and fights on, and will fight on to the glorious end.

What Britain has lost has not yet been told, but Lloyd George makes it unmistakably clear that its man-power has been sadly diminished.

Other nations fighting for the allied cause, it must be assumed, have suffered in proportion.

Belgium fights on with its remnant of an army. Italy has suffered deeply, and Russia long ago ceased to be a factor.

The mortality among the stay-at-homes in Germany is fearful. A writer says of all the multifarious classes of workers in the land of the Kaiser none is busier than the undertaker. The makers of coffins and the diggers of graves labor night and day, for the Grim Reaper is about as busy among the civilians of Germany as he is in the ranks of its soldiers. The dead are interred in paper coffins, and the religious services over them is limited to ten minutes.

STEP IN RIGHT DIRECTION.

The immediate installation by the Postoffice Department of a parcel post motor truck service for the benefit of farmers, merchants and the public generally of the Eighth Congressional district is a step forward in the right direction that plainly and again marks the undeniable fact, as suggested by the Loudoun Times, that the Hon C. C. Carlin, our present representative, has the welfare of all of his constituents always at heart. Our cotemporary, continuing, says: This new service, the first of its kind to be inaugurated, means many things. It means the beginning of the opening of a great future. It means quick express transportation service. It means cheap express transportation rates. It means good roads along routes over which this service extends. It means a government guarantee of safe delivery of packages. It means the farmer can get his milk, cream, poultry, eggs, butter and many other things to a maximum market at a minimum cost. It means to local merchants safe, cheap and quick delivery of small orders placed in the wholesale markets of Baltimore and Washington. It means bringing the producer in the country in close and almost personal touch with the consumer in the city. It means the fulfilment of the farmer's long cherished dream. It means the fulfilment of many rash promises made by many men and left to be carried out, without promise, by Mr. Carlin. It shows that men who talk the least accomplish the most. It proves Mr. Carlin knows the requirements of his constituents and knows how to get them what they need.

NECESSARY PRECAUTION.

This is the time when active work should be done to rid every city and town of nearby pools of stagnant water which will soon become menaces in the form of hatcheries for the malaria-bearing mosquito, the Virginia Department of Health declares.

In many instances these ponds may be drained at little or no cost and with little effort. A good rake or hoe energetically wielded will often destroy a number of hatcheries by giving the water free outlet. At times the removal of a few shovels of mud or muck will provide drainage for a considerable amount of water.

The anopheles mosquitoes constitute the only known method of transportation of the malaria germ from one human system to another.

The Gazette has recently called attention to menaces to health in certain sections of our city. There are slimy pools and clogged gutters here and there which need immediate attention. It is hoped that these unsightly and unsanitary places will have been eliminated before warm weather sets in.

HOW MUCH WOULD THEY GET?

Will some one kindly tell us how much money would have to be returned to the citizens of Alexandria if a similar order were given to the gas company in this city as is referred to in the following article:

"The State of Georgia has ordered the Atlantic Gas Light Company to return to its customers $30,000 as a rebate for poor gas served for eight days during the coal shortage.

Eat potatoes and less bread, is the request which comes from the national food administration at Washington. The advice should be heeded, especially during the potato eating campaign, which is now on in the state of Virginia in the effort to save the thirty million bushels of potatoes that will go to waste if they are not eaten up. Potatoes cannot be shipped to France very well at present, but wheat can be, and the more potatoes you eat the less bread you will need and the more wheat can be sent across the water to our allies. Therefore, eat potatoes and then some more.

According to Health Officer Roy K. Flannagan, of Richmond, the average life of the natives of that city has been increased twenty-three years in the last two decades. That is some story all right, and we would not think of doubting it, but is it not possible that the added length of days which the good people down there think they have gained may be accounted for by the fact that times are so slow there that it simply seems longer?

AUSTRIA TIRED OF WAR.

May Day Demonstration for Peace and Eight-Hour Work-Day.

In a manifesto to the working people of Austria on May day preparations, the Arbeiter Zeitung, of Vienna, has called for a demonstration for general peace and an eight-hour day. An accompanying editorial comment declared that "whoever wishes peace according to Hindenburg's desire cannot say he wishes it according to Mr. Wilson's desire."

An official dispatch from France quotes the manifesto as follows:

"As in each year the Austrian people will leave off work the 1st of May, and will make a demonstration in favor of an eight-hour day, and also in favor of a general peace. We are tired of war. On the universal fete day of the working class we shall manifest for a general peace. We want to show the leaders of our country that the mass of the people does not want violence shown the enemy, nor does it want conquests (passage censored), but only want a true peace of conciliation and understanding."

HUNS EYE SWITZERLAND.

Kaiser Will March Through Republic If It Suits His Plans.

New York, April 11.—That an invasion of Switzerland by the German army is probable in the event of Hindenburg's ultimate failure to break through the allies' line in France, is believed by Will Irwin, noted American war correspondent, who returned recently from an extended study of conditions in Italy, Switzerland and Spain. He will return to France shortly.

If this invasion of Switzerland should come—and Mr. Irwin believes it far from being improbable—it would be attended, he asserted with emphasis, with scenes of frightfulness, beside which the horrors enacted in Belgium would pale into insignificance.

"Germany would not hesitate a moment to begin such an invasion if it seemed to lead to the success of her war aims," said Mr. Irwin, "and with the temperament of the Swiss as it is the invasion would be resisted just as heroically as was that of Belgium.

"If Germany should consider it essential to her success to take possession of Switzerland by force of arms she would not hesitate a moment. But the Germans have already got a commercial grip upon Switzerland that is astounding.

"They have control of a majority of the water power companies, which means that they have the energy of the country in their grip; they are gaining control of the immensely valuable aluminum clay deposits of Switzerland, which will give them a partial monopoly of a metal which is destined to become more widely used than ever before, and they are gradually buying up all manner of trade marks used by old-established Swiss business concerns and which they will be able to use to cloak any manufactures they may wish to export.

"They can get around the post-bellum antipathy to German-made goods in this way. They'll make part of their goods in Germany, then send them to Switzerland to be finished and shipped out to the world's markets bearing the Swiss trademark. That's coming with absolute certainty, just as certainly as Germany intends to annex Switzerland calmly if she wins this war.

DIE IN BATTLE WITH STORM.

Mother Wrapped Little Ones in Blankets and Prayed While Men Struggled in Lifeboat.

Baltimore, Md., April 12.—Battling with the storm in an open lifeboat for five hours Wednesday morning, two children died from exposure and four other persons are seriously ill. In the lifeboat were Captain Vernon F. Wright, commander of the Southern Transportation Company's barge Moccasin, with his crew, his wife and two children.

The barge, with 1,000 tons of gravel, was blown ashore at Fort Armistead, Rock Creek. Captain Wright ordered all hands into the lifeboat and then began a new battle with the raging sea. For almost five hours the party fought until they were finally driven ashore at Neidert Farm, near Rock Creek, shortly before noon. Floyd and Caroline Wright, children of the captian, died. The captain, his wife, and James Newkirk and Samuel E. Mason are ill.

Everything possible was done to save the children during the battle with the storm. They were wrapped in blankets and heavy clothing, but the water came into the boat and the cold was extreme. Mrs. Wright coaxed her youngsters to be strong as she watched over them, prayed that the storm might be stilled so the boat could find a safe harbor.

The creek is very wide at this point and as soon as the party put off in the boat they were powerless to control the craft. It was tossed about and as the men grew numb from the cold they became more and more helpless to aid in keeping the tiny boat afloat. Then fate forced the boat ashore at the Neidert Farm. The children were dead.

USE OF TAR AND FEATHERS.

Alleged German Sympathizers Handled Roughly in Divers Places.

Jeffersonville, Ind., April 12.—Joseph Goepfrich, farmer, 50 years old, is incarcerated in a cell at the Indiana State Reformatory here, apparently to save him from the wrath of mobs which heard that he had threatened violence to a Liberty Loan bond selling committee at his home near Dale. Goepfrich, it was stated, was arrested and taken to jail at Rockport. Threats made against him were responsible for hurrying him to Evansville, and disquiet there was responsible for sending him to the reformatory here. Goepfrich asserts he was born in the United States.

Ashland, Wis., April 12.—Masked men took Adolph Anton, a bartender, from his home Wednesday night and tarred and feathered him because of his alleged pro-Germanism. This is the second episode of its kind in Ashland within two weeks.

Moose Lake, Minn., April 12.—When the Moose Lake High School opened yesterday the teachers and pupils found they were without German text books. A note was left informing the teachers that "Patriotism tempted us to toss the books into the flames."

Chicago, April 12.—A box of ground glass was taken from the clothing of Jacob Hendricks, former constable of Aurora, Ill., when he was brought here yesterday. When Hendricks was arrested at Aurora, charged with promoting a lottery to aid German sailors interned at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., he swallowed some wood alcohol. It made him sick but did not alarm the authorities. He was brought here to appear before Judge Landis.

MEETS HARD TIMES.

Former Noblemen Now Have to Do Their Own Washing.

Moscow, April 12.—The Romanoff family, most of whom are residing in the Crimea, are suffering from want, according to the Moscow papers. The dowager empress, Marie Feodorovna, with Grand Duke Nicholas, the Grand Duchess Xenia and children and other members of the family, is allowed to spend only 400 rubles a month, while the expenses of all of them cannot exceed 10,000 rubles.

They have five servants, but many of the former court noblemen and noble-women who are staying with the Romanoffs do their own washing or work in the vineyards, earning occassionally 4 rubles a day.

Stockholm, April 12.—A personage in high authority has requested American Minister Morris to endeavor to send money and other relief to the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna of Russia, who is said to be living in actual destitution at the Crimean bathing resort of Yalta. The empress is reported to be receiving not more than 150 rubles monthly. A number of other formerly prominent Russians also are living at Yalta in needy circumstances. Minister Morris will try to get money to the empress through Americans now in Russia.

GUARD KING AND QUEEN.

King Comments on the Smart Appearance of Men From United States.

London, April 12.—American soldiers acted as a guard of honor to King George and Queen Mary Tuesday when their majesties inspected a certain famous works, where thousands of hands are employed day and night. Their majesties conversed freely with officers and men and commented on the smart and soldier-like appearance of the Americans.

Queen Mary, responding to a requestion for an autograph, used a sergeant's back as a writing pad while she wrote, 'Mary R., 1918."

The King also added his autograph, whereupon an American officer remarked:

"This is not war, but it is very human."

"Yes, very human," replied the King, smilingly. The King, speaking to several Americans with whom he and the Queen conversed, said:

"I am very glad, indeed, to see American soldiers in England and a fine stamp of men they are. When I was in France not long ago I had the opportunity of seeing troops from the United States. They impressed me very much with their excellent bearing, and I was told they are becoming efficient very rapidly."

Automobile Speeding.

There are a few persons driving machines in Alexandria county who seem to have an utter disregard for laws or anything else so long as they can continue to drive over the roads at a terrific rate of speed. These people are a menace to other persons owning automobiles and the Board of Supervisors should appoint one or two persons to arrest all who exceed the speed limit fixed by law. A few arrests and convictions—and if necessary—jail sentences will stop this reckless speeding.—Monitor.

VOTES TO DISBAND.

German Alliance Donates $30,000 Balance in Treasury to Red Cross.

Philadelphia, April 12.—By a unanimous vote of the delegates to the special congress of the National German-American Alliance, it was decided yesterday to disband the organization. The delegates also voted to donate $30,000 of the alliance funds to the American Red Cross.

The formal dissolution will take place this afternoon in the assembly hall of the Philadelphia Turngemeinde.

Yesterday's meeting, which was held behind closed doors, lasted nearly four hours. Representatives of ten States were present and three others were represented by proxy to make a quorum.

Max Henrichi, editor of the German Sunday Gazette, of Philidelphia, the only nonmember present at the meeting, said after adjournment:

"This settles the National Alliance. The members realize that public opinion is against the organization and wish to show their patriotism by dissolving. They know that their connection with the alliance throws suspicion on their patriotism."

The States represented at the meeting were Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, New York, New Jersey, North Dakota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Rhode Island, Minnesota, Nebraska, Texas and West Virginia. The last three were represented by proxies.

Why the Knights of Columbus Deserve to Succeed.

The Knights of Columbus are out to raise $1,500 in Alexandria with which to do things for the soldiers that ought to be done. Attend the meeting which they are to hold in the Richmond Theater next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Some excellent speakers will be there.

The St. Albans Messenger says of the Knights:

"The Knights of Columbus deserve to put their war fund drive over the top for two definite reasons: First, because they have effected an efficient organization, and secondly, because of the inherent worthiness of the cause. The Knights of Columbus, a Catholic organization, has been entrusted by the President to supervise the ministering to the religious needs of Catholic soldiers in our army, and be it said to the honor of the men of that belief that they compose approximately 40 per cent of our armed strength. Huts will be erected and dugouts in the front-line trenches will be excavated. And these huts with their entertainments and their humanizing elements, will be open to all. The Catholic and the non-Catholic boy will be equally welcome to the touch of home that will be given.

REJECT SABOTAGE BILL.

Senators Object to the Clause Legalizing Strikes—Aroused by Labor.

Washington, April 12.—By a vote of 34 to 25, the Senate yesterday rejected the conference report on the bill providing severe penalties for the destruction of war materials or interfering with their manufacture. The measure is aimed at acts of sabotage.

The action of the Senate was the result of the bitter discussion of Wednesday afternoon on the acceptance by the conferees of the House amendment legalizing the right of men to strike for better wages or better working conditions.

There was no renewal of the discussion of Wednesday on the objectionable feature of the conference report. The vote was taken immediately, and is accepted as the Senate's denunciation of labor's alleged attitude in the war in the numerous strikes on war jobs.

The next move must be made by the House. The only objection of the Senate was to the clause providing that the bill should not restrict workmen from striking.

'BONE DRY' DISTRICT.

Supposedly "Wet" Postoffice Committee Causes Surprise.

Legislation to make the District of Columbia bone dry advanced another step yesterday. A subcommittee of the Senate postoffice committee reported favorably the resolution introduced by Senator Sheppard, making the celebrated Reed amendment applicable to Washington. Under the terms of this amendment it would be forbidden to ship liquor into Washington for personal use. The bill, however, exempts from its provisions representatives of foreign governments in the National Capitol.

The postoffice subcommittee's action was entirely unexpected. In referring the measures to Senators Vardaman, chairman; Townsend and Beckman, the postoffice committee gave them authority to submit their report direct to the Senate.

The action caused [illegible] Senate postoffice committee has been considered a "wet" committee. Yesterday's unexpected report from the postoffice committee places the bill on the calendar.

The First National Bank
OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

The Oldest National Bank in Virginia

The Largest Bank in the City

We welcome new accounts, large and small.

Property Selling Fast.

Alexandria county property is in demand now that the housing problem in Washington has become serious and people are seeking accommodations wherever obtainable. Many sales have been made to people who have come to Washington on account of the war, and others are renting houses and rooms. One party tells us he has rented three rooms as high as $50 per month.—Monitor.

Having qualified as administrator of Miss Mary McTamany, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt settlement with me, and all persons to whom said estate is indebted are requested to present their accounts properly certified for payment.

JOHN McWILLIAMS,
Administrator.

81-10t

Classified Advertising

WANTED, A MAN
to pack goods in wholesale establishment. Previous experience not necessary. Salary $78 per month, and extra pay for overtime.
CHARLES KING & SONS CO., INC. North Lee Street, Alexandria.

MAN WANTED; good wages, permanent position. Apply to M. Ruben & Sons, 601 King street. 88-3t

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FOR SALE—Six-cylinder, 60 H. P. Alco, in good condition; suitable for high-powered truck; will sell chasis only, or will include limousine and touring bodies. M. L. Horner, 612 King street. Phone 269. 88-3t

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WANTED—Farm of 50 to 100 acres, not over 8 miles from Alexandria or Washington. Land must be good, not thin, for truck, corn and hay. M. L. Horner, 612 King street. Phone 269. 88-3t

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WANTED—Reliable woman to do housework and cooking; no washing or ironing; all modern conveniences; good wages. Address Mrs. C. B. Backus, Lorton, Va. 87-3t

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PAPER HANGING, and Window Shades made to order. Estimates cheerfully given. H. E. Webb, 137 South Fairfax street. Phone 716. Thurs.-Fri.-Sat-tf.

GIRLS WANTED on sewing machines. Good wages, steady work; good wages paid while learning. Apply at pants factory, 317 King street, 2d floor, Alexandria, Va. 87-6t

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WANTED—Reliable woman as chambermaid. Apply at 700 Prince st. 87-3t

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TOURING CARS for hire. Alexandria Taxicab Co., 117 South Fairfax street. Phone 698. 84-6t

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MOVING BUILDINGS—I am prepared to take contracts to move houses, barns and other buildings; good work at fair prices. J. W. Corem, 311 Franklin street, Alexandria. 83-6t

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WANTED—Women as waitresses, day and night work; also one colored woman as dishwasher to work at night. Apply at Alexandria Quick Lunch Room, 318 King street. 82-6t

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WANTED—One, two, three, four or five rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished housekeeping apartment or house, with all modern conveniences, in refined neighborhood in city or suburbs. References exchanged. Write at once, complete details. A. R. Detwiler, care General Delivery, Washington, D. C. 85-tf

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WANTED—Man to drive wagon, white or colored; salary, $14 a week. Apply to National Biscuit Co. 86-3t

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WANTED — Twenty-five girls to learn winding and spinning. No education required, and good wages paid while learning. Apply at the Klots Silk Mills, Pitt and Wilkes streets, Alexandria. 84-24t

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WANTED—Two good, reliable men; steady employment; good wages. Apply to R. L. Hicks, foreman, city gas works. 84-6t

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GIRLS WANTED—Sixteen years of age or over; also women, for machines and table work. Good pay while learning. Paff Shoe Co., Washington and Gibbon streets, Alexandria. 68-tf

Wanted GIRLS

16 years and over

$1.00
PER DAY
While learning

9 hour day

HALF DAY SATURDAY

BANNER LAUNDRY
909 Oronoco Street

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this Agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER
418 Prince Street, Alexandria, Va.

COMMERCIAL AND FANCY
STATIONERY

Office Supplies

S. F. DYSON & BRO.
Booksellers and Stationers.
420 King Street.

"The Store of Greater Service"
LANSBURGH & BRO
Washington, D. C.

An offering of two Big Glove Specials for the "Million Dollar April" Sale.

Women's White Chamoisette Gloves

Lot 1 at 69c

White Chamoisette Gloves of good quality chamoisette cloth; 2 clasp model with self-stitched back; extra-ordinary values at this price.

Lot 2 at 85c

Fownes' Filosette Gloves, in white only; Paris point stitched backs; 2 clasp model; correct fitting and finished in the usual high grade manner for which Fownes Bros. are famous.

Main Floor—Lansburgh & Bro.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
8TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

OPEN 9:15 A. M. TO 6 P. M.

Dresses at $15.00

—which is a small sum to pay for an exceptionally good value.
—There are new serges in most attractive one side tunic styles.
One style is in a new high girdled effect, with suspender straps, and large buckles, with long surplice collar and new style skirt.
—There are many new models in taffeta, very attractive styles, a trifle more dressy than the serges.
—All sizes to select from, including those for Misses of 14 years and up to those for Women of 46 bust measure.
—Kann's—Second Floor.

LEND YOUR MONEY TO UNCLE SAM.

Thrift Stamps ..... .25c each
War Savings Stamps..... $ 4.15 each.
Third Liberty Loan Bonds..... $50.00 Up

"Hand $ Across the Sea"

The Citizens National Bank
Corner King and St. Asaph Streets.
We are Going "Over the Top" in the Liberty Loan—Join Us.

LAST CHANCE TO BUY

Universal Electric Iron

AT

$3.50

We have a limited number of the highest grade Electric Irons, bought before the price advanced, and we will sell these irons during the week of April 1st, at the old price.
The price will positively advance on April 8th, 1918.

Alexandria County Lighting Company
624 King Street Phone 193

The Alexandria National Bank

Buy A Liberty Bond

On Your Own Terms

COME IN AND OPEN AN ACCOUNT.

—CASH— —OR— —CREDIT— The Leader —CASH— —OR— —CREDIT—

904 KING STREET

Special $2.98 and $3.98

We have on sale for one week, a few

BLACK TAN, ROSE, GREY AND BLUE HATS, TRIMMED WITH WINGS, QUILLS, RIBBON AND FLOWERS.

Hats also made to sell at a higher price.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

$2.98 and $3.98

CASH ———— THE LEADER ———— CREDIT

PROTOX
Pure Ground Meat Scraps
For Poultry
Telephone or Write Us For Descriptive Book.
ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

AUSTRIA'S PEACE FEELER.

Carl May Have to Explain Alsace Letter to Premier Clemenceau.

Washington, April 12.—Premier Clemenceau's charge that Carl of Austria in his own handwriting favored the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France has created a sensation in Berlin. The German government, in official diplomatic dispatches reaching Washington last night, is reported to have addressed a sharp note to Vienna demanding that the Austrian government either repudiate or explain the letter attributed to the Emperor.

At the same time, the American State Department unhesitatingly denied the Berlin story that America had made secret efforts for peace with Austria through a Prof. Anderson. While it is admitted that a Prof. Anderson visited Count Apponyi, the great Hungarian nationalist and pacifist, at the latter's invitation, before the United States entered the war, officials at the State Department made it perfectly plain that Prof. Anderson had no authority to speak for the United States. It was further stated that Prof. Anderson merely listened to what Count Apponyi had to say.

He made a report of this to the State Department but so little importance was attached to his activities by officials that they were unable to recall Prof. Anderson's initials or his connections.

Opinion in Paris is itself held suspended on the amazing letter attributed to the Austrian Emperor, according to officials dispatches received here. The way in which Germany was forced to acknowledge demands for the French fortresses of Verdun and Toul before declaring war on France is regarded as a precedent on which the Germans may have to stick by the assertion of the Austrian Emperor. It is not believed in Paris that Clemenceau, "the old tiger," would make such an assertion without ample proof to back it up.

Officials at the State Department are inclined to attribute all of these peace feeler incidents to the sort of amateur pacifists who infested Europe before the United States entered the war, and who, sponsored by belligerent governments for the information they can gain, have been active ever since. They are more or less in the category of Henry Ford's peace project, the work of some of the international Socialists and the activities of such well intentioned persons as Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse. They act wholly without the authority of the government which they assume to represent, it is stated, though their report are usually welcomed for such information as they may contain.

REFUTE NAVAL BASE STORY.

Assistant to Daniels Says Rumor Has Real German Flavor.

Washington, April 12.—Declaring to be absolutely false a story sent out yesterday by a news service to the effect that the United States had acquired a naval base in the Azores, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt last night branded the article as being identical with a report recently circulated in German propaganda.

VOTE TO JOIN RUMANIA.

Oppressed Austrian Nations See Only Salvation in Split of Empire.

Amsterdam, April 12.—Bessarabian junction with Rumania is reported in Berlin dispatches which say the Bessarabian Council voted to that effect, 86 to 5.

The dismemberment of the Austro-Hungarian empire is declared to be the only hope by which the Poles, Serbs, Rumanians and Bohemians can attain their national rights and ambitions, in the agreements reached at the congress of Oppressed Austrian Nationalities just concluded in Rome. The result was announced in an official Italian cable received here Wednesday night.

Agreement was also reached at the Congress between the Italians and the Jugo-Slavs, whereby these two interests will not conflict when the peace settles the fate of the shores of the Adriatic.

The agreement reached by the Austrian nationalities was as follows:

"Every people proclaims it to be its right to determine its own nationality and national unity and complete independence.

"Second, Every people knows that the Austro-Hungarian monarchy is the instrument of German domination and a fundamental obstacle to the realization of its rights to free development and self-government.

"Third, The Congress recognizes the necessity of fighting against the common oppressors.

EXTRAVAGANCE IN WAR.

Eight to Twenty Dollars a Day Paid for Entertainment at Atlantic City.

The official statistics give the number of hotels at Atlantic City at only about 1,000. From a fleeting glance we should put the number at anywhere from 11 to 44 times this. But the exact figure does not matter.

A round dozen of these hotels house an average of 1,000 guests apiece. What is the average for the remainder we have no idea. The Tribune correspondent estimated the crowd on the Boardwalk for Easter Sunday at 400,000.

We suspect this may have been an error of transmission. Possibly it was only 40,000. But the fact remains that the hotels were all jammed and there were 10,000 or more people able and willing to pay $8 to $20 a day each at the more pretentious hotels and 20,000 or 30,000 more to pay somewhat less than this.

Our correspondent adds that is was a record crowd and a record spend. Chairs on the Boardwalk were $1 an hour. Long trains of solid Pullmans were run to transport the army of spenders and Pullman agents reported they could have sold two or three times as many tickets as they had seats for. Such is war time.—N. Y. Tribune.

Another Strike at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., April 12.—Demanding an increase in wages from 55 cent to 80 cents an hour, ironworkers employed in marine railway repair shops along the Norfolk water front yesterday quit work, tying up important repair work to Government vessels.

TO EXEMPT FARM LABOR.

Price and Harrison Agree on an Amendment.

Washington, April 12.—Plans were completed yesterday for a fight in the House for the exemption of bona-fide farm labor from the next army draft. A new amendment was drawn by Representatives Harrison, of Virginia, and Price, of Maryland, which will be offered to the Draft Classification bill which the House took up for general debate.

The proposed amendment is a compromise between the plans proposed by the two men. It reads as follows:

"Provided that all those registrants, who are bona fide engaged in agricultural enterprises, conducted for commercial purpose and producing supplies in excess of the necessities of those engaged therein, shall be entitled to deferred classifications as long as and no longer than they are so engaged whether they are engaged therein as proprietors, managers, tenants or farm laborers. For the proper enforcement of this provision such rules and regulation may be presented not inconsistent therewith, similar in character to those prescribed for registrants on Emergency Fleet classification list in Section 153, 154 and 155, of the Selective Draft regulations."

The amendment will be sharply fought by members of Congress from the city districts.

Alexandria Cash Grocery Company
Cor. King and Washington St.

This is not going to be a Questionnaire. We do not care where you live, how old you are, or whether you are married or single, but we want to ask a question or two:

Have you tried any of our Banquet Brand Coffee? Are you eating any of that fine butter we are selling at 47 cents? If you know where to get better Cheese than we have at 30 cents, drop in and tell us. Those who are using Banquet Brand Coffiee pronounce it the best in town at the price—21 cents.

Note these prices: Pure lard, 30c; compound lard, 26c; nut marigold margerine, 30c; plain oleomargerine, 28c; onions, 8 cents quarter peck; potatoes, 29c a peck; salmon, 20c; sardines, 8c per box; 12 pounds water-ground cornmeal, 65c; Campbell's baked beans, 17c per can; imported French peas, 24c; imported French mushrooms, 59c; lobster, 39c; chicken a la king, 25c; ivory soap, 6c; lighthouse soap, 5c.

We will have in stock today barley and rye flour, but only a small quantity, so call early.

War Savings Stamps? Yes, we sell them also.

ALEXANDRIA CASH GROCERY COMPANY.
Southwest corner of King and Washington streets, Alexandria, Virginia.
(Brawner & Brother's old stand.)

What Is "Cheap" Food?

Now-a-days there is apparently no such thing.

Wheat used to be a dollar, now it's two; corn used to be seventy-five cents, now it's two dollars; meat used to be—but the story is too sad to continue.

But there is one food that is still cheap. If eggs—good, fresh eggs—could be bought for thirty cents a dozen, they'd seem pretty cheap today.

How about milk?

A quart of milk is equivalent in food value to eight eggs, and, if eggs are cheap at thirty cents a dozen, then milk is cheap at twenty cents a quart.

Our good, clean milk sells in Alexandria for less than that.

FEATHERSTONE FARMS

Featherstone, Prince William County, Virginia. Telephone, 817 Alexandria, 10 Lorton.

SWAN BROS.
King and Pitt Streets Alexandria, Virginia

Bungalow Aprons

JUST RECEIVED A NEW SHIPMENT OF WOMEN'S PERCALE AND GINGHAM BUNGALOW APRONS—JUST THE RIGHT THING FOR THE ENERGETIC HOUSEWIFE.

New Percale Bungalow Aprons, all sizes,
98c, 1.50, $1.98, $2.50

New Gingham Bungalow Aprons, all sizes,
$1.25, $1.50

New Butterick Patterns,
10c, 15c, 20c, 25c.

EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE

COAL Smoot ALEXANDRIA, VA. LUMBER

EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers
Established 1852
High Grade Investment Bonds 1st Mortgages on Real Estate
Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent. Letters of Credit and Travelers Express Cheques.

FOREMOST STARS, SUPERBLY DIRECTED IN CLEAN MOTION PICTURES

—Richmond Tonight—

Mme. Petrova

IN HER SECOND PETROVA PICTURE

"The Light Within"

The romance of a beautiful girl's escape from a mistaken marriage.

A Human interest drama of especially strong appeal to women.

Richmond, Tomorrow, April 13

SEEKING HAPPINESS YOU WILL BE EAGER TO SEE

"The Blue Bird"

The story of "The Blue Bird" is a philosophical dissertation upon life, in which all things are endowed with life and speech, and in which one is given a glimpse of the hereafter. The dead awaken, with messages for the living, and the Unborn are shown as they impatiently await their advent into life upon earth. A production of surpassing beauty, with an exquisite theme and a plainly discernible allegory, it is, nevertheless, so clearly interpreted, that the simplest child can appreciate and enjoy the picture.

SURPRISE TONIGHT

"The Medicine Man"

STARRING

Roy Stewart

SURPRISE, SATURDAY, APRIL 13

THE LOVIEST GIRL IN MOTION PICTURES

Mary Miles Minter

in

"Powers That Prey"

A PICTURE THAT IS FULL OF LIVE WIRES WITH LOOSE ENDS THAT SIZZLE ALL OVER THE SCREEN

SHIP LINES REQUISITIONED.

President Places Coastwise Steamer Equipment in McAdoos Control.

Washington, April 12. — Provision to further increase the movement of American troops to France was made last night when President Wilson, by proclamation, took over all vessels, docks, warehouses and other appurtenances of four of the largest coastwise steamship lines of the United States.

"To the end," he explained, "that such systems of transportation be utilized for the transfer and transportation of troops, war material and equipment, to the exclusion, as far as may be necessary, of all other traffic thereon."

The lines are: The Clyde Steamship Company, of Maine; the Mallory line, of Maine; the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Company, of Maryland; and the Southern Steamship Company, of Delaware.

Wharves, piers, way and all other appurtenances used by these companies will likewise go under control of the government. The President put them all under authority of William G. McAdoo, director general of railroads.

By the terms of the proclamation the director general will probably put all of the vessels, a good-sized fleet, into the transportation of troops and materials abroad. This is the second great transportation move that has been made possible for war emergency in government operation.

Troops are already moving to France three times as fast as military experts at one time conceived to be possible.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 9th day of April, 1918.

Adelaide B. C. Louch vs. Charles C. Louch. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit; and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Charles G. Louch, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit.

Robinson Moncure, P. Q.

A copy—Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
88-4w Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 8th day of April, 1918.

Ann G. P. Marsh, complainant, vs. Walter Ernest Marsh, defendant. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of the above suit is to obtain a decree divorcing the complainant a vinculo matrimonii from the defendant on account of wilful abandonment or desertion on the part of defendant for a period of more than three years last past, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant Walter Ernest Marsh, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit.

Gardner L. Boothe, P. Q.

A copy—Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
88-4w Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 22d day of March, 1918.

Free L. Hill vs. Elizabeth Hill. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant, on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the filing of this suit, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Elizabeth Hill, is a non-resident of this State: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this City.

Robinson Moncure, P. Q.

A copy—Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
72-4w Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 18th day of March, 1918.

Annie Scott Corbin vs. Harrison Corbin. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant, on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit; resumption of maiden name and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed i nthis cause that the defendant Harrison Corbin is a non-resident of this State: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit. Robinson Moncure, P. Q.

A Copy Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY, Clerk.
67-4w

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 18th day of March, 1918.

Eunice Taylor Rogers, complainant, vs. Garfield A. Rogers, defendant. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit; resumption of maiden name; and for general relief. Garfield A. Rogers is a non-resident of this State: It is ordered, that said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this city. Robinson Moncure, P. Q.

A Copy Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY, Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 21st day of March 1918.

Mary Elizabeth Boland vs. John William Boland. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain a divorce a vinculo matrimonii upon the ground of wilful desertion and abandonment without just cause or excuse for more than three years prior to the filing of this suit. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, John William Boland, is a non-resident of this State: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this city.

Richard B. Washington, P. Q.

A copy—Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
69-4w Clerk.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale of Valuable Improved Real Estate in the City of Alexandria, Virginia.

By virtue of a decree entered by the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, on the 28th dav of February, 1918, in the Chancery cause of Ruth T. Todd, et als, vs. W. E. Gladstone Peters, et als, the undersigned Special Commissioners of sale, will offer for sale at public auction in the front of the Royal street entrance to the Market building, in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1918, the following real estate situated in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, to-wit:

Two houses and three lots of ground, known as No. 116 to No. 120 South Peyton street, in the city of Alexandria, Va., on the east side of Peyton street, between King and Prince streets, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

1. Beginning at "A" in the center of an alley three (3) feet wide, on the east side of Peyton street; thence with said Peyton street fourteen and one-half (14½) feet to "B," corner to John West's lot; thence eastward and perpendicular to Peyton street, and with John Wests line ninety-one (91) feet ten (10) inches to "C," a line of William Gray's; thence northward and perpendicular to King street fifteen (15) feet ten (10) inches to "D" in said line; thence westward and perpendicular to Peyton street eighty-five (85) feet four (4) inches to the beginning.

2. A lot of ground ,being Lot No. 39, particularly described in deed to George A. Bossert, dated on the 29th day of April, 1850, from Violet and Neale, Commissioners; also

3. Lot No. 40, particularly described in deed to said Bossert dated the 19th day of March, 1847, from William H. Peyton and being lots No. 39 and 40 as marked upon plat "B" in the division of the estate of the late Colonel Francis Peyton, said lots fronting on Peyton street about 30 feet each and extend back to Gray's line, and being the property in the City of Alexandria, conveyed by a deed dated the 27th day of March, 1860, from Charles Javins to William Gray and recorded in Liber U. No. 3, folio 313 and re-recorded in Liber V No. 3, folio 159, of the land records of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, to which deed reference is made for particular description of the said lots.

(b) A house and lot of ground on the east side of Alfred street known as No. 215 North Alfred street, between Cameron and Queen streets, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a point 176 feet 7 inches south of Queen street, and running thence north on Alfred street 19 feet; thence east parallel with Queen street 103 feet 5 inches to an alley forty (40) feet wide; thence south on said alley and parallel with Alfred street 19 feet; thence west in a straight line to the beginning with right of way over said alley.

(c) A house and lot in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, situated on the east side of Royal street, between Wolfe and Wilkes streets, known as 414 South Royal street, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the east side of Royal street 132 feet 6 inches south of Wolfe street, and running thence south on Royal street 22 feet; thence east parallel to Wolfe street 134 feet to an alley; thence north on said alley 22 feet; and thence west in a direct line 134 feet to th beginning, with right of way over said alley.

(d) A house and lot in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, situated on the west side of Fairfax street, between Wilkes and Gibbon streets, known as 535 South Fairfax street ,and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a point on the west side of Fairfax street 42 feet 2½ inches north of Gibbon street, and running thence north on Fairfax street 11 feet 6½ inches; thence west at right angles to Fairfax street 63 feet 7 inches; thence south and parallel to Fairfax street 11 feet 6½ inches; and thence east in a direct line 63 feet 7 inches to the beginning.

Terms of sale ,one-third cash and the balance in equal installments of one and two years, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, and reserving title until the whole of the purchase price is paid; or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser.

JOHN M. JOHNSON,
HOWARD W. SMITH,
Special Commissioners of Sale.

I, Nevell S. Greenaway, Clerk of the Corporation Court, of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, do certify that Howard W. Smith, one of the Special Commissioners of sale named in the above mentioned decree, has given bond with approved security as required by said decree.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
75-td Clerk.

Auction Sale of valuable factory property, generally known as the "Pioneer Mills."

Pursuant to the terms of a deed of trust bearing date of April 11, 1917, given by the Safety First Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, to the undersigned Trustees, and duly recorded among the land records of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, in Deed Book 66, page 98, default having been made in the payment of two of the notes secured thereby, the undersigned trustees, pursuant to the terms of said deed of trust, at the request and by direction of the holders of said notes, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises on Saturday, April 6, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, all that lot, tract or parcel of land in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, with the buildings and improvements thereon, generally called and known as the "Pioneer Mills" property, situated on the south side of Duke street and east of the Potomac Strand, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the intersection of the south side of Duke street with the east side of the Potomac Strand, and running thence eastwardly with Duke street into the Potomac River; thence returning to the point of beginning and running southwardly with the east side of the Potomac Strand 145 feet 7 inches, more or less, to the north line of the lot of ground conveyed by the Haskin Wood Vulcanizing Company to the Real Estate Improvement Company of Baltimore, by deed dated June 9, 1894, and recorded among the land records of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, in Deed Book 33, page 128; thence eastwardly parallel to Duke street into the said Potomac River; thence north to connect with the first line, together with all rights, appurtenances, riparian rights and privileges to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining; subject, however, to a right of way through a ten-foot alley over said property, conveyed to the Real Estate Improvement Company of Baltimore by the Haskin Wood Vulcanizing Company by deed dated June 9, 1894.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, and the balance in equal instalments, payable at one and two years after date, the deferred payments to be evidenced by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers to be secured by first deed trust on the property, and to bear interest at 6 per cent per annum, or at the option of the purchaser or purchasers all cash may be paid.

A deposit of two hundred and fifty dollars will be required on the day of sale, and the balance of the purchase price must be settled in accordance with the above terms within fifteen days thereafter. Conveyancing at th cost of the purchaser or purchasers.

GARDNER L. BOOTHE,
BRAINARD W. PARKER,
68-td Trustees

The above auction sale is postponed to take place at 12 o'clock, noon, on the premises, on Tuesday, April 16, 1918.

GARDNER L. BOOTHE,
BRAINARD W. PARKER,
Trustees.

WANTED AT ONCE.

At the highest cash prices,
20,000 Bags and
10,000 pounds Burlap

also all kinds of old junk, such as Old Iron, Rags, Rubber, Rope, Bones, Brass, Copper, Zinc, Lead and Metals of all kinds, also old Autos and Auto tires, etc.

We also buy all kinds of paper and paper Stock, bags, and burlap.

Ship us your goods. We pay the highest prices. Checks mailed same day goods are received.

CAPITAL JUNK COMPANY
Phone 559W.

1210 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY

Lumber and Mill Work

Quick Shipments — Grades Guaranteed

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule in effect Feb. 17, 1918.

For Washington and points north daily 8:08, 9:13, 9:28, 10:13, 11:38, a. m., 12:13, 1:18, 3:18, 9:13, 11:33 p. m.

Week days only 6:08 p. m. Saturdays only 4:45 p. m., and Sundays only 8:18 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 4:37, 7:52 (local) and 9:47, a. m. 2:27, 2:47, 5:17 (local) 6:17, 2:27, 8:17, 9:17, p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 11:03 a. m. daily and 2.38 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:48 p. m. daily for Fredericksburg and intermediate stations.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In Effect February 23, 1918.
Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria for Washington.

A. M.—*5.00, †5.40, †6.00, *6.10, 6.20, *6.30, 6.40, *6.50, 7.00, *7.10, 7.20, *7.30, *7.35, 7.40, *7.45, *7.50, *7.55, 8.00, *8.05, *8.10, 8.20, *8.30, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00 11.20, 11.40.

P. M.—12.00, 12.20, 12.40, 1.00, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 8.00, 8.20, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00, 11.20, 11.40. A. M.—12.00.

*Except Sundays and Holidays.
†Except Sundays.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon

A. M.—†5.35, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.50, 10.35, 11.35.

P. M.—12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.55.

†Except Sundays.

Maryland, Delaware and Virginia Railway Co.

Steamers of this line leave Alexandria every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, at 4:45 p. m.

FOR BALTIMORE AND ALL THE USUAL RIVER LANDINGS

Cuisine and appointments unexcelled.

Freight for Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York solicited and handled with care. Through rates and bills of lading issued.

Single fare to Baltimore, $3.25; with return trip $4.50. State rooms one way $2.00 and up.

GRAND THEATRE

316 King Street.

Positively No War Tax — 5 and 10c.

—TONIGHT—

Douglas Fairbanks

in

"The Half Breed"

—TOMORROW—

'Are Passions Inherited'

A great western drama that will hold you spellbound to the last.

Don't miss it. Also a comedy. Matinee every Saturday only. 2.30.

THE MIRROR PROVES

how a little good jewelry enhances the attractiveness of even the most beautiful. It makes a differences, however, if the jewelry be in good taste or not. All our jewelry is designed with an eye to both artistic and refined taste. Selection of a gift here is bound to result in perfect satisfaction to both giver and given.

Saunders & Son
629 King Street.

FOR SALE

VALUABLE KING STREET PROPERTY

Can be bought at an exceedingly low price

See us about this.

Alexander Suter, Inc.,
529 KING STREET.

For Sale

Three brick houses, six rooms and bath, hot water heat, concrete cellars, front porch, improved street.

$4,500, $4,750, $4,750

Graham & Ogden
530 King Street. Alexandria, Va.

For Coughs and Colds, CHERRY COUGH SYRUP. The old formula, the old price 25c. Ouylon Tablets 10c and 25c. We have in stock a full line of standard remedies for coughs and colds. External and internal.

Leadbeater Drug Corporation

DISARMING THE WORLD.

Refusal to Appropriate Money For Future Wars Advocated.

John R. Commons, in the American Review of Reviews, says the balance of power differs from a world federation, or world republic, in that its power is negative and not positive. It tells each nation what it shall not do, not what it shall do. It does not order a nation to be a democracy. It tells it what it shall not d oeven if it is a democracy. It does not order it to pay taxes. It tells it what it shall not do with the taxes paid. It does not order a nation to bring on an army or navy to enforce a law. It tells the nation not to have an army or navy.

The thing that we want nations not to do is to appropriate money for war purposes. We want universal anti-preparedness. This is disarmament—that is, limitation of armaments. And this is the amount of money each nation shall appropriate for war power.

When these nations get together to stop this war and settle the terms of peace, they should, after disposing of existing armaments, set a limit on the amount of money that each one shall appropriate or spend for war purposes. This means future limitation of armaments.

But this is not enough. We cannot be sure that each nation will limit itself to the amount allowed. And we know that conditions will change so that the next year, or the year after, or years ahead, different limits will have to be set. We know, too, that the next year, or the year after, or years ahead ,different limits will have to be set. We know, too, that when the nations once separate after terms of peace are settled each nation can go ahead as it pleases and no nation can be called down unless the others frame up an alliance.

So, before these nations separate, they should stipulate, as one of the terms of peace, that they shall all meet again once each year, and shall each year agree on the new limits of money for that year which each shall be allowed to appropriate or spend for war purposes.

When they meet each year they should meet for this purpose alone. They may discuss anything they want to discuss—annexations, civil war, neutrality, international law, anything. But they shall act on only one thing—the limitation of money to be appropriated by each for military purposes. They can frame up any combinations or alliance they please across the table.

This vote is not a vote. It is a unanimous agreement. No nation is compelled to stand or to agree. It can protest but still agree. It can withdraw if it does not agree. Two or more can form an alliance and withdraw together. But, if any nation does not attend or does withdraw, it gives notice of just one thing: It intends to exceed the limits set by the others on the amount of money it is going to spend for war purposes.

And this is not a declaration of war. It is just timely notice that it intends to declare war, or to force the others to declare it. It gives the others plenty of time to declare war on it before it can get ready.

The others can decide what to do at least a year, and indeed several years, before the offending nation and its allies, if it has any, can build ships and guns, get explosives or anything in sufficient quantities for modern war.

What the Service Flag Says.

Dear little flag in the window there,
Hung with a tear and a woman's prayer;
Child of Old Glory, born with a star—
Oh what a wonderful flag you are!

Blue is your star in its field of white,
Dipped in the red that was born to fight,
Born of the blood that our forbears shed,
To raise your mother, The Flag, o'erhead.

And now you've come, in this frenzied day,
To speak from a window-to speak and say:

"I am the voice of a soldier-son
Gone to be gone till the victory's won.

"I am the flag of the Service, sir;
The flag of his mother—I speak for her,
Who stands by my window and waits and fears,
But hides from the others her unwept tears.

"I am the flag of the wives who wait
For the safe return of a marital mate,
A mate gone forth where the war god thrives
To save from sacrifice other men's wives.

"I am the flag of the sweethearts true;
The often unthought of, the sisters, too.
I am the flag of a mother's son.
And won't come down till the victory's won!"

—WILLIAM HERSCHELL.

MARRY IF LONELY—For results, try me; best and most successful "Home Maker;" hundreds rich wish marriage soon; strictly confidential; most reliable, years experience; descriptions free. "The Successful Club," Mrs. Purdie, Box 556, Oakland, California.

LOAFERS IN WAR TIME

Edward Mott Wooley, of the American Defense Society, Says They Ought to Be Dragged Into the Limelight.

One reads a good deal in the newspapers about the scarcity of labor, says Edward Mott Woolley, of the American Defense Society, and we hear serious predictions concerning the difficulty farmers will have in planting and harvesting their crops, yet in traveling about the country—and in recent months I have covered the United States from coast to coast—I have observed large numbers of men who seemed to have no occupation at all, and I believe that many thousands of men are practically loafing. I am informed in certain factory towns that a considerable per cent of young and able-bodied men are living on the earnings of their wives and women relatives—and in some instances on the money brought home by their mothers. Work has been so plentiful for women in these industrial centers that this class of men consider it unnecessary to do any labor themselves; or at least they prefer to do as little as possible.

I have often stood in front of the motion picture theaters along about five o'clock in the afternoon, watching the outcoming throngs of people, and have been amazed at the large proportion of young men who apparently are in sound physical condition. The other day I asked a municipal official in a large industrial community how it happened that these young men were able to spend the whole afternoon in a picture show when we were reading continually about a labor shortage.

"The shortage would be less acute," he answered, "if something could be done to make these men work. This community is full of men who are idle by preference, and the money they spend at the picture theaters and elsewhere is earned by the toil of women who work long hours in the factories. It's a burning disgrace that this sort of thing should exist; and it will be more than a disgrace if these men are not made to work during the summer on the farm, where labor will be so much in demand."

Now I do not cite this situation with any intention of advocating the conscription of labor at the present time. I don't pretend to say whether such a law would be feasible or not. I do say that some sort of census ought to be taken in every such community, giving a reasonably accurate idea as to the number of men who are shirking the responsibilities of this great war crisis. Then, having ascertained the facts, every moral influence should be brought to bear—if no legal steps could be taken—to make them useful in the new emergency confronting us.

Moreover, I have made it my task to observe the employees in a large number of confectionery and soda stores, and have found that hundreds of young and husky men are doing work that ought to be done at a time like this, by women. I have often wondered what was going on in these fellows' heads as the skipped around in white aprons making milk-shakes and serving chocolate frappes.

What we need in this country, especially, is realization of the fact that we are at war, and that every man ought to be spending at least part of his time in the cause.

As I look at it, this problem of getting men where they can do the most service is partly a matter of local community patriotism. A great deal can be done to wake men up by the local press, churches, public gatherings and societies, and by the creation of that subtle thing known as community spirit. The class of men I have been talking about ought to be shamed into doing things more worthwhile. They ought to be dragged into the limelight.

2 in 1
SHOE POLISHES
KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
LIQUIDS AND PASTES. FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES.
PRESERVE THE LEATHER.
THE F.F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS, LIMITED, BUFFALO, N.Y.

CLOCK MADE HIM SLACKER.

Draftee Sent to Jail Because His Mother Failed to Change It.

Easton, Pa., April 11.—Because his mother failed to set her clock right, Samuel Frazio is locked up in the county prison as a military slacker, and yet he is perfectly willing, he says, to join the army. Frazio was one of nine men who were to leave here Tuesday for Camp Meade. The day before, he went to Passaic, N. J., to say farewell to his mother and sisters. He was to have returned to Easton on the last train that night, but because Mrs. Frazio had not observed the new day-light-saving regulation, he reached the station after the train had departed.

Frazio took the first train for Easton Tuesday, but arrived after the selected men had gone. An alternate, Herman Gano, was sent in his stead. Frazio insisted that he was anxious to go and asked that Gano be brought back, but on receipt of orders from the adjutant general's office, City Detective Simmers placed him under arrest.

ARREST ALLEGED DESERTER.

He Cries for Help and Mob Nearly Annihilates Arresting Officials.

Glennville, Ga., April 11.—Near Glennville Tuesday night Connie Todd, an alleged deserter from the United States army, was rescued by his friends after he had been captured by S. O. Waters, chief of police of Glennville, and Wallace Perkins, an ex-soldier, who had put him under arrest. Perkins found that Todd was a deserter from Camp Wheeler, and getting authority to arrest him, called upon the chief of police for aid. They found Todd last night asleep in an old slab pile near an abandoned saw mill. They caught him, and Todd began screaming for help. More than a dozen men responded, and forcibly took him from the officers, threatening to shoot them if they did not release him. A call has been sent to Savannah for the United States deputy marshal.

Pour Kerosene on Fire.

Hagerstown, Md., April 11.—The kerosene can, used in hurrying the kitchen fire to prepare breakfast, claimed two victims at Waynesboro, the injuries suffered by Mrs. David Hockenberry resulting fatally a few hours later, while William Hockenberry, her brother-in-law, was terribly burned trying to save her life.

After placing kindling in the stove, Mrs. Hockenberry applied a match. Thinking that the fire was not burning, she poured kerosene into the stove, and there was an explosion, the blazing oil igniting her clothing.

Hockenberry, who entered the room when the can exploded, also was covered with blazing oil. Both dashed into the yard, where Mrs. Hockenberry's husband and her brother-in-law attempted to save her. Mrs. Hockenberry's clothing was consumed, and she was horribly burned all over the body, dying later in the Chambersburg Hospital.

William Hockenberry is in a critical condition at the same hospital, but he may recover.

BEACH & WOOD
Alexandria, Va.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Fish, Oysters, Clams and Crabs
Corner of King and Union Sts.
Fish received daily from our nets and prices lower than the lowest.
To be convinced give us a call.
Country orders solicited and promptly attended to. Our terms—best references or money orders.
Bell phone 422.

LEGAL NOTICES

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 18th day of March, 1918.

Alice May Matthews, complainant, vs. Charles F. Matthews, Defendant. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant a divorce a vinculo matrimonii, from the defendant on the ground of desertion. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Charles F. Matthews, is a non-resident of this State: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit. Crandall Mackey and Malcodm Hurty P. Q.

A Copy Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY, Clerk.

67-4w

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 26th day of March, 1918.

Horace T. Henry vs. Mattie Henry. In Chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain a decree absolutely and entirely divorcing the complainant from the defendant on the ground of wilful desertion and abandonment for a period of more than three years prior to the institution of this suit. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Mattie Henry is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit.

Samuel G. Brent, P. Q.

A copy—Teste.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
74-4w Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 18th day of March, 1918.

James E. Mortimer, Complainant, vs. Sadie V. B. Mortimer. In Chancery.

Memo The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abanodnment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Sadie V. B. Mortimer, is a non-resident of this State: It is order, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit. Robinson Moncure, P. Q.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY, Clerk.

A Copy Teste.

67-4w

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 30th day of March, 1918.

Dorothy Mary Kirby vs. Foster B. Kirby and Gardner L. Boothe, trustee. Chancery and attachment.

Memo. The object of this suit is to attach the funds amounting to $2,068.93 in the hands of Gardner L. Boothe, trustee, and to subject the same to the payment of the claim of complainant amounting to $1,800 with interest thereon from the .... day of April, 1909, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Foster B. Kirby, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendants appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this city.

R. C. L. Moncure and C. T. Jesse, P. Q. A copy—Teste

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
78-4w Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 18th day of March, 1918.

James E. Mortimer, Complainant, vs. Sadie V. B. Mortimer. In Chancery.

Memo The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abanodnment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Sadie V. B. Mortimer, is a non-resident of this State: It is order, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit. Robinson Moncure, P. Q.

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY, Clerk.

A Copy Teste.

67-4w

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 30th day of March, 1918.

Dorothy Mary Kirby vs. Foster B. Kirby and Gardner L. Boothe, trustee. Chancery and attachment.

Memo. The object of this suit is to attach the funds amounting to $2,068.93 in the hands of Gardner L. Boothe, trustee, and to subject the same to the payment of the claim of complainant amounting to $1,800 with interest thereon from the .... day of April, 1909, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Foster B. Kirby, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendants appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this city.

R. C. L. Moncure and C. T. Jesse, P. Q. A copy—Teste

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY,
78-4w Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 19th day of March, 1918.

Laura M. B. Dodsworth vs. Harold P. Dodsworth. In Chancery.

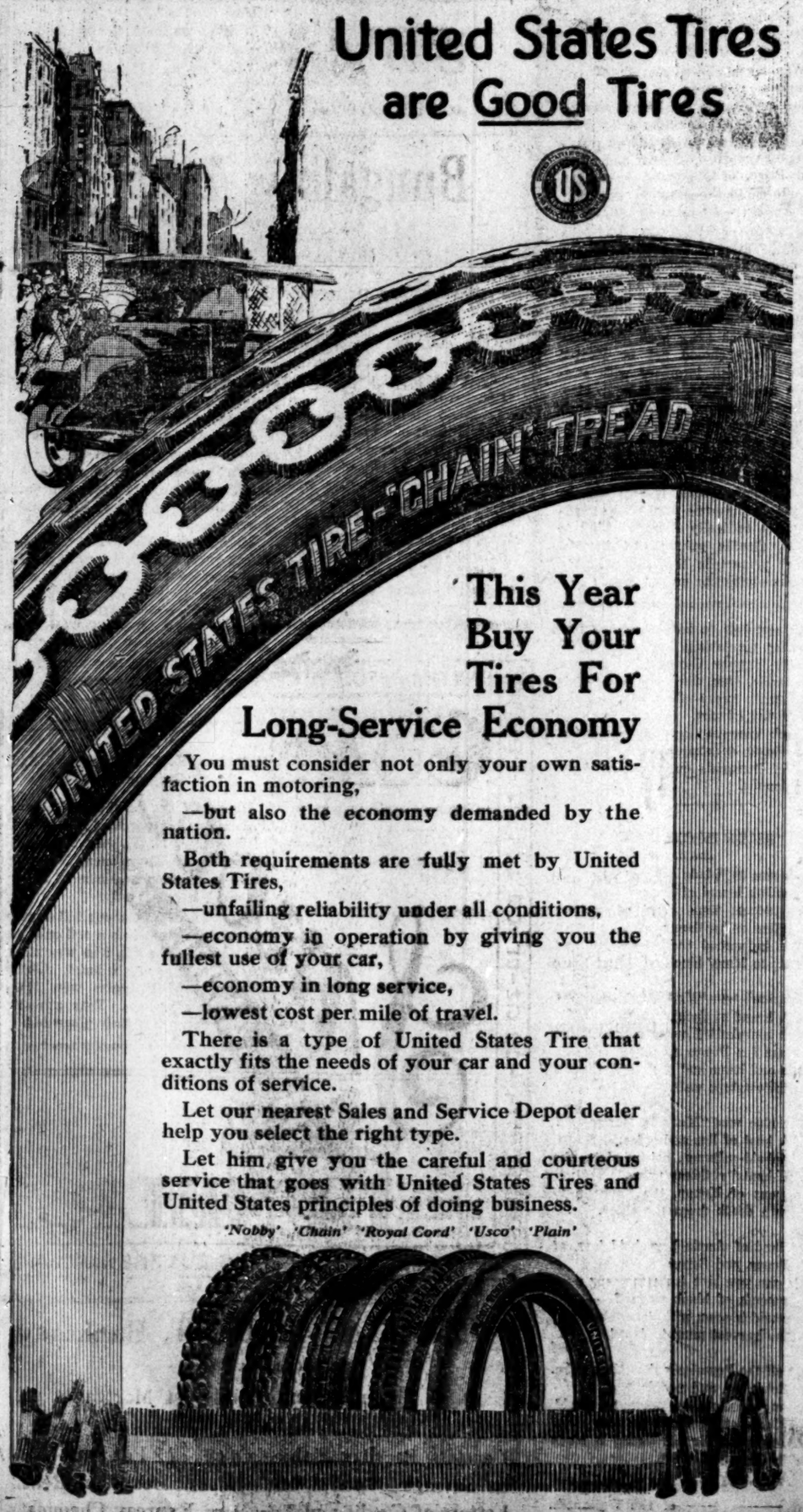
Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain a divorce a vinculo matrimonii upon the grounds of wilful desertion and abandonment without just cause or excuse for more than three years prior to the filing of this suit. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Harold P. Dodsworth, is a non-resident of this State: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit.

Richard B. Washington, P. Q.

A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway, Clerk.

68-4w



United States Tires are Good Tires

This Year Buy Your Tires For Long-Service Economy

You must consider not only your own satisfaction in motoring,

—but also the economy demanded by the nation.

Both requirements are fully met by United States Tires,

—unfailing reliability under all conditions,

—economy in operation by giving you the fullest use of your car,

—economy in long service,

—lowest cost per mile of travel.

There is a type of United States Tire that exactly fits the needs of your car and your conditions of service.

Let our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer help you select the right type.

Let him give you the careful and courteous service that goes with United States Tires and United States principles of doing business.

'Nobby' 'Chain' 'Royal Cord' 'Usco' 'Plain'

Stomach Out of Fix?

'Phone your grocer or druggist for a dozen bottles of this delicious digestant,—a glass with meals gives delightful relief, or no charge for the first dozen used.

Shivar Ale

PURE DIGESTIVE AROMATICS WITH SHIVAR MINERAL WATER AND GINGER

Nothing like it for renovating old worn out stomachs, converting food into rich blood and sound flesh.

Bottled and guaranteed by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Spring, Shelton, S. C. If your regular dealer cannot supply you telephone

F. S. HARPER, INC.
Wholesale Distributors for Alexandria.

75 years ago everyone wore homespun-

and, likewise, everyone used hand-mixed paint. To-day, when machine-spun cloth is so much better and cheaper, no one would think of wearing homespun. Many people are still using hand-mixed paint, however, because they do not know that

DEVOE *The Guaranteed Lead and Zinc Paint* *Fewer Gallons—Wears Longer*

will save them money and labor. Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint is made of the same ingredients the old-time painter used: Pure White Lead, Pure White Zinc, and Pure Linseed Oil. The only difference is that Devoe is mixed by machinery, 1000 gallons at a time. Therefore, it is always absolutely uniform in strength, color and covering capacity.

We guarantee Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint to be pure. We *know* it contains no whiting, silica or other worthless materials. Stop in and ask for Color Card and valuable free booklet—"Keep Appearances Up and Expenses Down."

LEADBEATER DRUG CORPORATION
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA
PAINT DEVOE PAINT

THE LATE CHARLEY MITCHELL.

First Price Fighter to Knock Down John L. Sullivan.

A well known sporting writer says of Charley Mitchell, who recently died in England:

Charley Mitchell was born at Birmingham, England, November 24, 1861. Although he fought many ring battles against big men like Sullivan, Corbett, Cardiff, McCaffrey, Kilrain and Burke, Mitchell was a middleweight pugilist never turning the scales at more than 154 pounds when in perfect condition. His remarkably fast footwork and skillful boxing offset this disadvantage in weight, and he proved to be equally effective as a punisher when fighting either with or without padded gloves.

After winning the middleweight and heavyweight championships of England in 1882, Mitchell came to America in 1883 with the intention of challenging John L. Sullivan. The stature of the "Brummagen Lad," as he then was called, did not impress the American followers of pugilism, but when Mitchell defeated Mike Cleary, a New York heavyweight, in three rounds he quickly was accepted as an opponent for Sullivan. They met at the Madison Square Garden in a four-round glove fight, under Marquis of Queensberry rules, on May 14, 1883. The British boxer surprised the 2,000 spectators by meeting Sullivan's terrific rushes in the opening rounds, and after some heavy exchanges he scored a clean knockdown with a perfectly timed right smash to Sullivan's jaw, sending the Boston man to the ring floor amid the wildest excitement.

This was Sullivan's first experience of a knockdown by an opponent and it happened toward the close of the first round. Sullivan rushed and roughed the visitor during the second round and threw Mitchell over the ropes twice. Sullivan, with left swings to the jaw, knocked Mitchell down twice in the third round, and with another left he had Mitchell hanging over the ropes, when the police stopped the bout.

Mitchell always insisted that he would have been able to continue had the police not interferred, and he never ceased to challenge Sullivan until the latter consented to another encounter which took place five years later at Chantilly, France, on March 10, 1888.

This was Mitchell's greatest ring effort. They fought with bare knuckles for $2,500 a side, and the bout lasted three hours and eleven minutes. Mitchell drew first blood in the eighth round, but Sullivan got the credit of the only knockdown during the fight, which was declared a draw by Referee B. J. Angle, of London.

After James J. Corbett had won the world's championship from Sullivan, in 1892, Mitchell challenged him for the title, and at Jacksonville, Fla., on January 25, 1894, Corbett knocked out the Englishman in the third round. This was Mitchell's last fight in the ring, as he returned to England and engaged in business there up to the time of his demise.

TRAIN KILLS AGED WALKER.

Was Strolling on Tracks Through Deep Cut and Curve.

Mount Holly, N. J., April 11.—Struck by a train at a sharp curve just above the railroad station here yesterday afternoon, Jonathan H. Fisher, 95 years old, was killed while walking along the track. The train had left the Pine street cut, the side of which prevented the engineer seeing Fisher on the track in time to stop. Until a short time ago Fisher lived at Fisher's Dam, near Retreat, but lately had been living with his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Douglas Fisher, of White street. About dinner time he went out for a walk and Mrs. Fisher knew nothing of his whereabouts until advised of the accident.

Fisher was a great walker and never bothered with trains and trolleys to get from place to place. Trips of 18 and 20 miles in favorable weather never bothered him, even in his advanced age. He was the owner of some cranberry bogs at Fisher's Dam. He is survived by several children.

APPEAL TO ALLIED SAILORS.

"Don't Shoot," Says Pamphlet—Lenine Sends Agents.

Tokyo, April 11—Twenty Americans who have just returned from Vladivostok, bronght with them a printed 1,500-word bolshevik appeal which, they say, is distributed among allied sailors on shore leave there. The appeal reads in part:

"To sailors and mariners:

"If you are commanded to shoot to kill in Vladivostok you will be shooting your fellow workers, who, together with yourselves, are struggling to shake off the yoke of economic and social bondage.

"I we win here, the workers of the whole world will win and this earth must be won for the toilers. Ours is a government by the people, of the people and for the people.

"The bloody German imperialists are fighting us in the west and you threaten us in the east. If we don't surrender your machine guns are turned on us. Will you do it? We are not alone. Thousands of social rebels in the jails in America and England pin their hopes on us. Will you be your master's tools?"

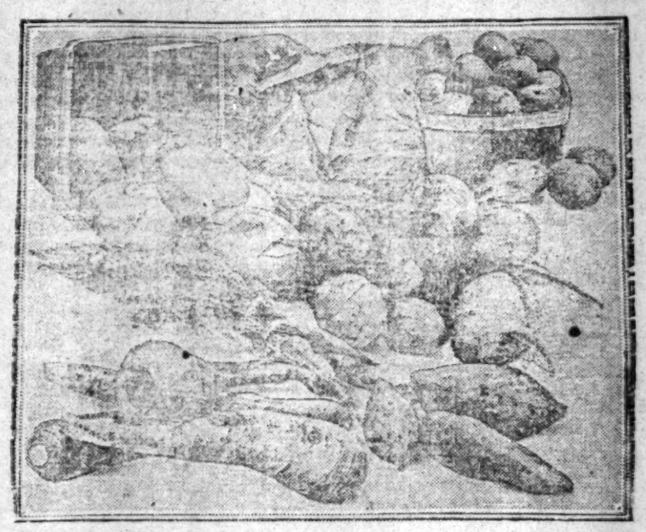
The only result this appeal has brought from the allied tars—and the returning Americans—is laughter.

The danger of bolshevik propagandists going to America also is described by the American just back from Russia. They say Lenine is subsidizing many who formerly lived spread bolshevikism in the United States. A steady stream of Russians is passing through Yokohama en route to America. Among these, it is believed are many of Lenine's agents.

HOME GARDEN SHOULD PRODUCE SURPLUS FOR WINTER STORAGE

A half-acre garden, if cared for properly, will produce far more vegetables than the average family can consume during the maturing period of the crops. Only a small portion of a garden of this size should be devoted to those vegetables that must be used as soon as they reach maturity. It is advisable to devote the major portion of the space to those crops which if not needed at once may be kept for winter use. In fact, if the space is available the garden should be planned with the definite purpose of growing crops for storage for winter use.

Late beets, late cabbage, carrots, celery, onions, parsnips, late potatoes, sweet potatoes, salsify, and late turnips may be stored in their natural condition and if possible should be grown to the extent of the family needs for storage for winter use.



Vegetables Like These, Grown in the Summer and Stored Until Needed, Vary Winter Diet.

Work Garden All Season.

It is possible in nearly all sections of the country to grow late beets, late cabbage, late potatoes and turnips on ground that has already produced a crop of lettuce, radishes, beans, early peas, early potatoes, or some crop requiring a relatively short period for its maturity. Gardeners are inclined to neglect the opportunities for crop production in the garden after the first part of the season has passed and frequently space is allowed to lie idle that should be producing a crop of late potatoes, cabbage or turnips. In sections where the season is short it is possible to plant the late crops between the rows of early crops before the early crops are removed, thus gaining two or three weeks' time.

Late potatoes may be planted on ground from which early peas or string beans have been removed.

Late cabbage may be planted between the rows of early potatoes before this crop is mature. Turnips may be sown between the rows of late corn and late bush beans. Late beets may be planted between the rows of late beans and will grow long after frost has killed the beans.

Storage In the Home.

By utilizing every square foot of space in the garden a considerable quantity of vegetables may be grown for storage for winter use. If no storage facilities exist in the home all the crops suitable for keeping may be stored in outdoor banks or pits. However, it is not at all difficult to provide storage facilities in most homes, it being only necessary to make use of the cellar, the attic, a large closet, or other parts of the dwelling, depending upon the character of the product to be stored.

Beans, including the limas, may be stored dry, and it is advisable to grow them to as great an extent as possible for winter use. Limas and other pole beans may be planted around the fence, it being possible in this way to produce considerable quantities of dried beans for winter use. The pods should be allowed to remain on the vines until dry enough to rattle, should then be gathered, spread on the attic floor or in some other dry place, and when dry, shelled and stored in bags.

Plants which grow high and cause heavy shade should not be located where they will interfere with sun-loving small plants. It is well, also, to separate perennials, such as rhubarb and asparagus which are not cultivated, from plants which must be tilled.

The same kind of vegetables should not be grown twice, if this can be avoided, in the same part of the garden. If a radically different kind is grown, disease spores and insects, though present in the soil, probably will not attack the second crop.

GIVE YOUR TELEPHONE A CHANCE

It is possible to construct a telephone that you could talk into from the other side of the room, but it would also pick up all the other noises in the room, including the click of the typewriters and other conversations going on.

Your telephone, therefore, is designed for "close up" use. In giving a number to the operator and in telephone conversations with others, you should speak directly into the transmitter.

This will do away with misunderstandings and make the conversation smooth and satisfying.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA

C. J. SOBOTKA, Local Manager.
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Tel 12000

VIRGINIA'S NEW DOG LAW.

To Go Into Effect Ninety Days After Closing of General Assembly.

On a male dog the owner must pay a license fee of $1.00 and on an unspayed female $3.00. The amount for a spayed female is that for a male dog, $1.00. Tags, of different designs each year, but uniform for any one year throughout the state, are to be supplied by the authorities upon the payment of the license fee. All dogs must wear these medals on substantial collars. Medals lost must be replaced at a charge of 25 cents each.

It is provided that "it shall be unlawful for any person to permit any dog to run at large during the night time, unless such dog be muzzled, or in the immediate use and control of his owner or custodian, or to permit any dog to run at large at any time without a license tag." It is made the duty of any game warden and the privilege of any person finding a dog running unmuzzled at night or at any time, if he have no license tag, immediately to notify the owner of the dog, if known to him, and if the dog again be found under the conditions mentioned to shoot him or kill him in any manner. If the owner of such a dog be not known to the warden or other person, he may be shot upon first offense. If a dog, licensed or unlicensed, is found chasing, injuring or killing sheep or stock or domestic animals, he may be shot forthwith. For each dog so killed a payment of $2.50 may be demanded from the funds arising from dog licenses. To this end funds so arising must be kept separate.

A warden failing or refusing to perform his duties under this act, throws himself open to a fine of not less than $5 and not more than $100. The same provisions apply to any person failing to register and pay the license tax upon his dog.

PLANS TO BOLSHEVIZE U. S.

Kaiser Hopes to Finally Give America Dose of Russian Treatment.

Germany hopes to Bolshevize America, according to William English Walling.

The New York ex-Socialist, in an address before the National Conference of American Lecturers yesterday, said:

"Ninety per cent of the German people rely chiefly on Bolshevizing first Italy, then France, and then England, and finally, America, just as Germany Bolshevized Russia. They are intoxicated with their success in Russia where in one year and at the expense of only a few hundred million they acquired an empire beyond their wildest dreams."

Walling outlined the position of Socialists of all countries in the world war.

"I can personally testify that the Bolsheviki movement has lain ready for German utilization for fifteen years," Walling asserted. "Can any intelligent human being deny the German general staff knew it?"

Deep Snow at Cumberland.

Cumberland, Md., April 11.—Cumberland was practically isolated all yesterday as a result of snow and sleet tearing down telegraph and telephone wires. The Baltimore and Ohio experienced trouble from wires breaking and poles falling on the tracks. Nearly a foot of snow fell and drifts were high. At Thomas and other points on the Western Maryland Railway the fall reached nearly fifteen inches and drifts were three feet high. Orchadists say 50 per cent of the apple and peach bud have been killed, a thinning-out process which otherwise would have been done by hand, and a normal crop can be looked for.

Martinsburg, W. Va., April 11.—Peach growers of Berkley and adjoining counties fear the vast damage was done to budding fruit by the storm which swept over the country Tuesday night. Reports from three counties indicated that practically all the peach buds will be killed. Apple growers are also apprehensive.

LIEUTENANTS KILLED.

R. F. Ives, K. E. Ekstrand and R. H. Ewiggins Die.

Houston, Tex., April 11.—Lieuts. R. F. Ives, of Chicago; Karl E. Ekstrand, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Russell H. Ewiggins, of Waynetown, Ind., were killed in aviation accidents at Ellington field, here recently.

Second Lieut. Ives was killed when his machine went into a tail spin and fell Lieut. Otto Ett, who was in the same machine, was injured. Lieuts. Ekstrand and Ewiggins were killed yesterday afternoon. They were flying together when their plane fell.

CZERNIN'S LATEST.

Political Wedge Driven Between Austro-Hungarian Peoples and Autocracy.

Count Czernin's latest utterance—his apology for the sudden ending of recent peace discussions—will not be put aside here until sufficient time has elapsed to observe its effect within the central empires.

Now thoroughly digested, the statement of the Austrian foreign minister is officially believed to show that an effective political wedge has already been driven between the Austro-Hungarian peoples and autocracy.

Czernin's defense of the Berlin policies which he has been forced to follow is regarded as nothing more than a plea for time backed by the hope of military success in the immediate future on the western front.

The political storm, long brewing in Austria and Germany, is expected to break as soon as the masses learn that the Teutonic military leaders have found it impossible to overrun France and end the war with the present offensive. Comment on the Czernin speech, it is thought, will represent an accurate barometer of this discontent and the force behind it.

Continued submissiveness to the German war lords, it is said, will certainly be seriously affected by the great casualty lists of the last two weeks. These have been estimated at more than 400,000 killed and wounded. No successes such as were promised have been achieved to paliate the tremendous slaughter.

Added causes of unrest are found in the very conditions which prompted the Municipal Council of Vienna to demand an explanation from Zzernin—the hunger from which the Russian treaties failed to relieve, as promised; the increasing bitterness over the peace made on the eastern front; food graft scandals in both Germany and Austria; revelations by Prince Lichnowsky, former German ambassador to London, that the British Government made every effort to avoid the declaration of war.

Graft charges against friends of Ludendorff, quartermaster general of all the Germanic armies, have been conspicuous.

"MADE IN GERMANY."

What was it "Made in Germany"? A hellish brand of War,
More fierce than that of savage tribes or heathen hordes by far.
Which harnessed earth and sea and air to Mars' blood-bolted car!

What more was "Made in Germany"?
A brand of fiendish hate
Which marshalled every evil force its lust for Power to sate;
Arson and Rape and Murder foul upon its footsteps wait.

What else was "Made in Germany"?
A host of lies and spics,
Of typhoid-cultures, poison plots, the U-boats' ruthless prize,
The guns of Krupp, the Zeppelin to rain death from the skies.

Lost land of simple household joys, of Poesy, and Song;
How can you blot from memory such records of black wrong?—
The world is sown with dragon's teeth: the harvest must be long!

Cast off the Prussian's throttling yoke.
Set press and people free,
Sue mercy from an outraged world.
No peace on Earth may be
Till expiation for all Wrong is made in Germany.

—Alice Williams Brotherton.
of The Vigilantes.

Meat is as Necessary as Steel and Ships

Food is the first essential of the fighting forces.

The American farmer and the packer have met every war emergency, and have promptly furnished an adequate supply of wholesome meat.

No other industry can claim a better record of war time efficiency.

Swift & Company has shipped to the United States Government and the Allied Nations,

Over 12,000,000 Pounds (400 carloads) **per week, of beef, pork, and lard, since January 1, 1918.**

In one week recently we shipped **24,000,000 Pounds (800 carloads),** and the demand is increasing.

Our profits are limited by the Food Administration to 9 per cent on investment in the meat departments. (This means about 2 cents on each dollar of sales.) **No profit is guaranteed.**

We are co-operating with the Government to the best of our ability.

Swift & Company 1918 Year Book, containing many interesting and instructive facts, sent on request.
Address, Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

Swift & Company
U. S. A.

Bevo
A BEVERAGE

Put on the Bevo Glasses when you set the table for the bite you've prepared for the guests of the evening. As a suggestion for a dainty lunch: Cream cheese and chopped olive sandwiches (on brown bread), Dill pickles, Shrimp salad, Ice cold Bevo.

Itself a nutritive drink, *Bevo* makes an appetizing and delightful addition to *any* meal—hot or cold, light or heavy.

Bevo—the all-year-'round soft drink.

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